

TAAB Embedding Resin

Following the demand for more reliable sectioning of tough tissues including skin, bone and keratinized tissue TAAB has introduced **Hard-Plus** into the range of premix kits. Sections show less distortion and retain integrity during subsequent staining procedures for light and electron microscopy.



T027 Hard

Comprising: 5 x 50g Resin
5 x 50g Hardener-hard
5 x 2.5ml Accelerator



T027/1 Hard-Plus

Comprising: 5 x 50g Resin
5 x 50g Hardener-hard-plus
5 x 2.5ml Accelerator

T028 Medium

Comprising: 5 x 50g Resin
5 x 50g Hardener-medium
5 x 2.5ml Accelerator

T029 Soft

Comprising: 5 x 50g Resin
5 x 50g Hardener-soft
5 x 2.5ml Accelerator

Transmit LM Resin



T045 LM

Comprising: 5 x 35g Resin
5 x 69g Hardener
5 x 2ml Accelerator



All Premix Resin Types

For those wishing to make larger batches of resin mixture, each component is available in 500g weights with the accelerators in a 50g size. The ratio of mixing can be taken from the premix kits.

Ampouled Premix Kit accelerators are available separately to replace those in kits which have exceeded their shelf life.

Please see embedding chemicals for items above.

Embedding Chemicals

Araldite 502 Resin



This epoxy resin is the USA equivalent of Araldite CY212. It has a viscosity twice that of CY212 and infiltration times should be extended. Araldite 502 is often blended with TAAB 812, Epon 812 or its equivalents. Weight per epoxide 233-250



| | |
|--------|-------|
| E021/1 | 2.5Kg |
| E021 | 500g |

Araldite kits – see Kit sections Page C4 to C10

Araldite CY212 (M) Resin



Also generally referred to as Epoxy Resin, it is based on the diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A and is mixed with the reactive anhydride hardener DDSA in equal parts. The slow curing is speeded by the use of an amine accelerator DMP30 or BDMA. The hardness of the block is controlled by the addition of the plasticiser Dibutyl Phthalate.



| | |
|--------|-------|
| E015/1 | 2.5Kg |
| E015 | 1Kg |
| E006 | 500g |
| E007 | 250g |
| E008 | 100g |

Araldite CY212 Premix Hardeners



| | |
|------|------|
| E031 | 500g |
|------|------|

Araldite CY212 Premix Resin



| | |
|---------------|------|
| Hard | |
| E032 | 500g |
| Medium | |
| E033 | 500g |
| Soft | |
| E034 | 500g |

Araldite CY212 Premix Accelerator

E035 50g
B023 5 x 2.5ml

Azo-bis-iso Butyronitrile

Thermal and photocalyst for polymerisation of methacrylates

Leduc & Holt, J. Cell Biol., 26, 137 (1965)

McLean & Singer, J. Cell Biol., 20, 518 (1964)



A014 100g
A015 25g

Benzil

(Dibenzoyl), Blue light catalyst for LR Gold.

B030 50g

Benzoin

Photocalyst for polymerisation of methacrylates.

M.W. 212.25 M.P. 134-136°C

Charles & Sikorsky, Brit. J. Appl. Phys., 7, 152 (1956)

B001 25g

Benzoyl Peroxide, damped

This material is supplied damped with 25% water, and before adding to methacrylates as a polymerisation catalyst should be "damp dried" on blotting paper.
M.W. 242.22



B002 100g
B003 25g

Dibenzoyl Peroxide, 50% powder

An alternative to benzoyl peroxide damped, reputed to be less hazardous and easier to use.

B031 50g

Benzyl dimethylamine (BDMA)

(N-Benzyl-N,N-Dimethylamine). M.W. 135.21 B.P. 177 – 180°C

An amine accelerator for polymerisation of epoxy resins.

A direct and preferred alternative to DMP-30.

B006 500ml
B007 250ml
B008 100ml
B036 50ml
B037 25ml
B022 5 x 2ml

2-Butoxyethanol

(Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether) M.W. 118.18
Component of HEMA resin for 1-2µm sections for light microscopy using the Ruddell technique.

B020 1ltr
B020/1 5ltr
B019 500ml
B033 100ml

t-Butyl Perbenzoate

Used as a catalyst in the Vestopal W resin media.
M.W. 194.23



B034 100g
B035 25g

n-Butyl Methacrylate

Stabilised with 60ppm hydroquinone M.W. 142.20

B014 500ml
B032 100ml

Carbohydrazide

CO(NHNH₂)₂ M.W. 90.08
for GACH embedding kit

A water-miscible, lipid retaining, embedding polymer for EM

Heckman, et.al., Ultrastruct Res., 42, 156 (1973)

C044 25g



Carbowax 400

(Polyethylene Glycol), component of HEMA resin.

C029 100ml

Clear Casting Resin C



An unsaturated polyester resin in styrene monomer. Ideal for clear casting of biological & medical specimens and when mixed with styrene is an excellent embedding resin for undecalcified bones, sections are easily cut to 5µm

C032 1Kg
C033 5Kg
C034 50g

Clear Casting Resin C – Catalyst



Used 1% concentration i.e. 10ml to 1Kg of resin

C034 10ml

Cobalt Naphthenate 6%



Used as an activator for the Vestopal embedding resin.

C030 250ml
C031 25ml



Cryo-M-Bed

Embedding compound for frozen tissue specimens, leaves no residue to discolour slide or section

C028 100ml

DER 736



(Diglycidyl Ether of Polypropylene Glycol). Weight per epoxide 175 – 205. Used as a component of Spurr's resin. Can also be used to simplify infiltration in combination with TAAB 812 (Epon 812)

Kushida, J. Electron micro., 16, 278 (1964)

D003 500g
D004 250g
D005 100g

Dibutyl Phthalate



A plasticiser for epoxy resins. M.W. 278.35

D010 500g
D011 100g

2-Dimethylaminoethyl Methacrylate



Stabilised with 800ppm hydroquinone, a water soluble monomer M.W.175.21

D034 500g



n-n-Dimethylaniline



Component of HEMA resin M.W. 121.18

D029 100g

Divinylbenzine



55% solution in Ethylvinylbenzene. A cross-linking agent for methacrylates to produce solvent-resistant and thermostable polymers. M.W.130.19

D021 100g

D.D.S.A. EM – Distilled



C₁₆H₂₆O₃ M.W. 266.38 Specific gravity 1.005 (Dodeceny Succinic Anhydride), an **ultra pure** grade DDSA produced by distillation to control colour variations of embedding resins and offers complete infiltration of tissue. Specially prepared for EM as an epoxide hardener.

D031 1Kg
D025 500g
D026 250g
D027 100g

D.D.S.A. Practical



When the need for the ultra pure distilled grade is not necessary TAAB have reintroduced a practical grade for general use, this will however give darker blocks.

| | |
|------|------|
| D012 | 1Kg |
| D013 | 500g |
| D014 | 250g |
| D015 | 100g |

DMP-30



(2,4,6- Tri(Dimethylaminomethyl) Phenol) used as an accelerator for epoxides. Although more viscous than other accelerators DMP-30 is one of the most popular accelerators in use. Absorbs moisture and carbon dioxide – keep dry and container tightly closed. M.W. 265.00



| | |
|------|------|
| D022 | 500g |
| D023 | 250g |
| D024 | 100g |
| D032 | 50g |
| D035 | 25g |

Dow Corning Silicone Fluid 200



Used with epoxy resin to reduce diffusion of water soluble radioactive substance from frozen dried tissue Stirling & Kinter, J. Cell Biol., 35, 585 (1967)

| | |
|------|------|
| D028 | 100g |
|------|------|

Durcupan Kits – see Kit section page 22.4

Durcupan Components



– *Water soluble*

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Durcupan component A (Monomer) | |
| D033/A | 100ml |
| Durcupan component B (Hardener) | |
| D033/B | 100ml |

Durcupan Components



ACM Epoxy



Durcupan component A/M (Epoxy resin)

D036/A 100ml

Durcupan component B (Hardener)

D036/B 100ml

Emix resin kits – see Kit section page 22.10

Emix Premix Resin



A low viscosity epoxy resin (0.7 to 1.1 Pa.s at 25°C) ideally suited to routine embedding for EM

E039 500g



Emix Premix Hardeners



Hard
E040 500g

Medium
E041 500g

Soft
E042 500g

Emix Premix Accelerator



B023 5 x 2.5ml

E044 5 x 4ml

E.R.L 4221D



E208/100 100ml

E208/1L 1 litre

E208/250 250ml

E208/500 500ml





Hexahydrophthalic Anhydride



(An epoxide hardener)

H003 500g

HEMA Kit – see Kit section page 22.5

2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate EM



GMA (Glycol Methacrylate) is a water soluble embedding medium for which an improved technique has been described. Stabilised with 200ppm hydroquinone. M.W. 130.14

Leduc & Holt, J. Cell Biol., 26, 137 (1965)

Ruddell, Stain Technology, 42, 253 (1967)

Green J. Clinical Pathology, 23, 640 (1970)

Sims, J. Microscopy, 101, 223 (1974)

Spaur, R.C. & Moriatry, G. J. Histochem. Cytochem., 23, 163 (1977)

H008 500ml

H009 250ml

H010 100ml

2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate – Low Acid



For critical applications TAAB offers a low acid HEMA (less than 1% methacrylic acid)

H020 500ml

H021 100ml

2-Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate EM



HPMA – A water soluble embedding medium, stabilised with hydroquinone. Infiltration follows the fixation of tissue and there is no extraction of material caused by any dehydration protocol. M.W. 144.17

H011 500ml

H012 250ml

H013 100ml

Lemix A – Monomer



Fully miscible with water and can therefore be used to achieve water replacement without causing excessive shrinkage. Lipid loss is much less than with ethanol dehydration, typically 40% compared with 95%. When cured the resin remains hydrophilic, improving the use of water based stains. Does not require the use of an intermediate solvent such as propylene oxide.

L024 125g

Lemix B – Hardener



Epoxide hardener

L025 500g

Lemix C – Accelerator



L026 100ml



Lemix D – Hardener



L027 100g

LR White & Gold Resins - see Kit section page 22.5

Methacrylic Acid



(2-Methacrylic Acid) M.W. 86.09

M021 500g

Methacrylate Kit – see Kit section page 22.6

Methyl Methacrylate



Stabilised with 60ppm hydroquinone. M.W. 100.12



M008 500ml

M022 100ml

M.N.A



(Methyl Nadic Anhydride). A hardener for epoxides. M.W. 178.19

M013 1Kg

M010 500g

M011 250g

M012 100g

N.S.A EM - Distilled

(Nonenyl succinic Anhydride). A distilled grade specially prepared for use as a hardener for epoxides giving clearer blocks than the standard NSA. M.W. 227.0

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| N010 | 1Kg |
| N007 | 500g |
| N008 | 250g |
| N009 | 100g |

N.S.A Practical

A practical grade for general use when it is not necessary to use the ultra pure distilled grade. This material will give darker blocks.

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| N017 | 1Kg |
| N018 | 500g |
| N019 | 250g |
| N020 | 100g |

O.S.A

(n-Octenyl Succinic Anhydride) The replacement for Hexenyl Succinic Anhydride which is no longer available. A component of the Ultra-low viscosity resin.

Polyvinyl Pyrrolidone

Osmotic adjuster used in LR Gold resin

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| P016 | 100g |
|-------------|-------------|

Propylene Oxide

(Epoxypropane) M.W. 58.08 Solvent for epoxy resins. Used in final dehydration of tissue following alcohol as a transitional agent prior to resin infiltration. F.P. -37°C



| | |
|-------------|--------------|
| P021 | 500ml |
|-------------|--------------|

Quetol 523/HEMA

Water soluble methacrylate used with 2-hydroxyethyl Methacrylate to give a low viscosity medium for ease of infiltration, sectioning and staining. This blended system results in much higher beam stability. Supplied as a 80:20 blend of HEMA:Quetol 523. Kushida, Hiroshi., J.Elec. Micro 2655, N4 351-353 (1977)

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Q003 | 500g |
| Q004 | 100g |

Quetol 651

A low viscosity resin miscible with water, alcohol, acetone and 2,3-epoxypropyl butyl ether. The polymerised blocks section easier than ordinary epoxy resin mixtures. M.W.174.20

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Q001 | 500g |
| Q002 | 100g |

Quetol 651 Kit – see Kit section page 22.6**RD2**

(1,4-Butanediol Diglycidyl Ether). Component of Ultra Low Viscosity resin. M.W. 202.2

| | |
|-------------|--------------|
| R007 | 500ml |
| R008 | 250ml |
| R009 | 100ml |

S-1

(2-Dimethylaminoethanol), curing agent for epoxides. M.W. 89.14

| | |
|-------------|----------------|
| S001 | 500ml |
| S458 | 250ml |
| S002 | 100ml |
| S453 | 25ml |
| S049 | 50ml |
| S039 | 5 x 2ml |
| S454 | 5 x 1ml |

Spurr Kit – See now TAAB Low Viscosity Resin (TLV)**TAAB Low Viscosity Resin (TLV)**

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| T264 TLV resin | 500g |
| T265 TLV resin | 250g |
| T266 TLV resin | 100g |

TLV Premix Hardener VH1

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| T267 | 500g |
| T268 | 250g |
| T269 | 100g |

TLV Premix Hardener VH2



| | |
|------|------|
| T270 | 500g |
| T271 | 250g |
| T272 | 100g |

TLV Premix Accelerator



| | |
|------|-----------|
| T273 | 100ml |
| T274 | 50ml |
| T275 | 5 x 2.5ml |



Styrene



A component of some methacrylate resin media for ultramicrotomy. M.W. 104.15
Kushida, H., J. Electron Micro., 10, 15 (1961)



| | |
|------|------|
| S451 | 500g |
| S452 | 50g |

TAAB Embedding Resin



A resin which has been developed by TAAB for embedding biological specimens for EM and LM. A relatively low viscosity resin exhibiting very good cutting and staining qualities, with freedom from background 'grain'. Stability under the electron beam is good and the resin readily accepts heavy metal stains. A wide range of hardnesses can be obtained by varying the proportions of the hardeners DDSA and MNA.



| | |
|------|------|
| T025 | 1Kg |
| T001 | 500g |



| | |
|------|------|
| T002 | 250g |
| T003 | 100g |

TER kits – see Kit sections page 22.4 to 22.11

T.E.R Premix Resin



T033 500g



T.E.R. Premix Hardeners



Hard
T034 500g

Medium
T035 500g

Soft
T036 500g

T.E.R. Premix Accelerator



T037 50ml
B023 5 x 2.5ml

TAAB Transmit Resin

A resin developed by TAAB which is a low viscosity aliphatic epoxy resin plus reactive anhydride which allows the production of both high quality semi-thin and ultra-thin sections. Transmit possesses very similar characteristics to Spurr's resin without the attendant carcinogenic risk.

Transmit Resin LM



| | |
|------|------|
| T200 | 500g |
| T201 | 250g |
| T202 | 100g |

Transmit Resin EM



| | |
|------|------|
| T203 | 500g |
| T204 | 250g |
| T205 | 100g |



Transmit Resin EM



| | |
|------|------|
| T203 | 500g |
| T204 | 250g |
| T205 | 100g |

Transmit Hardener TH1



| | |
|------|------|
| T206 | 500g |
| T207 | 250g |
| T208 | 100g |

Transmit Hardener TH2



| | |
|------|------|
| T209 | 500g |
| T210 | 250g |
| T211 | 100g |



Transmit Accelerator



| | |
|--------|----------|
| T212 | 10 x 2ml |
| T213 | 100ml |
| Premix | |
| T259 | 5 x 2ml |
| T213K | 25ml |



TAAB 812 Resin



A high quality resin produced in small batches to act as an exact equivalent to Epon 812 which is no longer commercially available. The triglycidyl ether of glycerol, it is a reliable, popular epoxy resin suitable for EM and can give very good results in LM but the viscosity can restrict specimen size in LM. Sensitive to atmospheric moisture. Weight per epoxide 148- 150



| | |
|------|------|
| T021 | 1Kg |
| T022 | 500g |
| T023 | 250g |
| T026 | 100g |

TAAB 812 kits – see pages 22.4 to 22.11

TAAB 812 Premix Resin



T038 500g



TAAB 812 Premix Hardeners

Hard

T039 500g



Medium

T040 500g

Soft

T041 500g

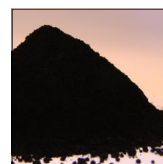
TAAB 812 Premix Accelerator



T042 50g
B023 2.5ml

Ketjen Black electro conductive additive
for epoxy resins for Gatan 3View

An electro conductive carbon black to make EM epoxies conductive particularly for Gatan 3View serial block face sectioning in the SEM. Reduces specimen charging and is effective in very small quantities. Free flowing, easily dispersed and odourless.



Temporarily
out of stock

C409 Ketjen Black electro conductive additive 35g

Technovit Components

Technovit 3040



| | | |
|------|--------|-------|
| T225 | Powder | 1kg |
| T226 | Powder | 2Kg |
| T227 | Liquid | 500ml |
| T228 | Liquid | 1ltr |

Technovit 4000



| | | |
|------|--------|-------|
| T232 | Powder | 1kg |
| T253 | Liquid | 500ml |

